

**QUALIFICATION CHARACTERIZATION
OF MAJOR FIELD OF STUDY “INFORMATICS”**

FOR “MASTER OF SCIENCE” DEGREE
WITH PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION “MASTER OF SCIENCE IN INFORMATICS”
2 YEARS (4 SEMESTERS)
MASTER PROGRAM IS DESIGNED FOR GRADUATES OF DEGREE "BACHELOR" IN
ANOTHER PROFESSIONAL FIELD

I. Requirements to professional qualities and competences of enrolled students

Students enrolled in this major field of study have to submit diplomas for completed higher education BSc degree or MSc degree.

Rules and regulations for submitting documents and enrollment are determined by the Faculty of Natural Sciences and Mathematics.

II. Requirements to professional qualities and competences of students, completed this major field of study

Neofit Rilski South-Western University prepares qualified experts in Informatics that can apply their knowledge and skills in the area of science, culture, education and economics in Bulgaria and abroad.

After completion of “Master in Informatics” degree they can successfully realize themselves as: programmers, system and network administrators and designers, graphic designers, scientists, experts in hardware and software technologies.

At completion of Master of Science in Informatics degree, students obtain:

- ✓ profound knowledge in the area of Informatics;
- ✓ good preparation in the area of Informatics and Mathematics as well as solid practical skills conforming to modern European standards and requirements;
- ✓ formation of affinity and ability for independent research and design;
- ✓ basis for continuing education at PhD degree;
- ✓ good opportunities for realizing as experts in Bulgaria or abroad;
- ✓ thinking style and affinity to the quickly changing requirements of the information society.

III. Requirements to preparation of students completing this major field of study

Students completed MSc degree in Informatics have to possess following knowledge, skills and competences:

- ✓ to conduct independent research, to model real processes and make computer automation systems for information maintenance;
- ✓ to use mathematical models and software packages for solving real economic, engineering and management problems in continuous and discrete macrosystems;
- ✓ to take part in development of program products and packages;

- ✓ to adapt and introduce program products and systems;
- ✓ to solve various optimization problems.

IV. Professional development

Masters of this program can be successfully implemented as: programmers, system and network administrators and designers, graphic designers, researchers, experts in hardware and software technologies.

Qualification characterization of Major Field of study “Informatics” for MSc degree is a basic document that determines rules for developing the curriculum. This qualification characterization is conformed to legislation in the area of higher education in Republic of Bulgaria.

STRUCTURE OF THE CURRICULUM
Field of Study: Computer Science
Degree: Master of Science, Period of Study: 2 years (4 semesters)

First Year			
First Semester	ECTS credits	Second Semester	ECTS credits
<u>Compulsory Courses</u>		<u>Compulsory Courses</u>	
Functional Programming	4.0	Algorithms in Graphs and Networks	6.5
Programming and Data Structures	5.5	Databases	7.0
Discrete Mathematics	5.5	Probability and Statistics	7.0
Computer Architectures	5.0	Practical Course in Computer Programming	3.0
Computer Networks and Communications	5.5	Optional 1	2.0
Numerical Analysis and Mathematical Optimization	4.5	Optional 2	4.5
		<u>Optional Courses</u> (1 course)	
		Practical Course in Databases	
		Practical Course in Perl	
		Practical Course in Web Design	
		Practical Course in Combinatorics, Coding Theory and Cryptography	
		<u>Optional Courses</u> (1 course)	
		Logical Programming	
		Software Engineering	
		Combinatorics, Coding Theory and Cryptography	
	Total 30		Total 30
Second Year			
First Semester	ECTS credits	Second Semester	ECTS credits
<u>Compulsory Courses</u>		<u>Compulsory Courses</u>	
Neural Networks	6.5	Coding Theory and Information Security	6.0
Component-Oriented Software Engineering	6.0	Theory of Algorithms	4.0
Mathematical Modeling of Discrete Structures and Processes	6.5	XML Programming	3.0
Optional 3 (Group III)	5.0	Optional 5 (Group V)	2.0
Optional 4 (Group IV)	6.0	Written State Exam or Graduate Thesis Defense	15.0
<u>Optional Courses (third group)</u> (select one course)		<u>Optional Courses (fifth group)</u> (select one course)	
High Performance Parallel Computer Systems		Knowledge Databases	
Fault-Tolerance Computer Systems		Practical Course in Server Administration	
Principles of Grid-Networks		Practical Course in Aspect-Oriented Design and Programming	
Training at IT Company (Institution)		Design of Information Systems with Client-Server Architecture	
<u>Optional Courses (fourth group)</u> (select one course)			
Digital Communications			
Modern Modeling and Design			
Languages – UML			
Multilayer Database Applications			
Theory, Algorithms and Technologies for Speech Recognition			
	Total 30		Total 30

TOTAL FOR 2 ACADEMIC YEARS: 120 CREDITS

FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING

Semester: **1**

Type of Course: **Lectures and tutorials in computer lab**

Hours per week - **2 hours lectures and 1 hour tutorials in computer lab**

Credits Numbers: **4,0 credits**

Course Status: Core course in curriculum of major Informatics, Bachelor degree.

The course is introduction in design and programming in Scheme LISP dialect.

Objectives:

The student should obtain knowledge of:

- Design and programming in Scheme.
- Practical aspects of functional programming.

Methods of teaching: seminars, tutorials, discussions, project based method.

Pre- requirements: C++ programming and Data Structure

Assessment and Evaluation

Quizzes - 30%

Final Test- 70%

The course is successful completed with at least 65% of all scores.

Registration for the Course: not required (core course)

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and the Student Service Office

References

1. Абелсън, Х., Дж. Сасмън Структура и интерпретация на компютърни програми. София, СОФТЕХ, 1994
2. Тодорова , М. Езици за функционално и логическо програмиране, първа част: функционално програмиране, София, СИЕЛА, 2004
3. Хендерсон, П. Функциональное программирование: применение и реализация. Москва, Мир, 1983.

PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES

Semester: **1**

Type of Course: lectures, seminars and labs

Hours per week – 3 lectures + 1 seminars + 1 labs per week

Credits Numbers: **5,5**

Course Status: Fundamental course from the Computer Science MSc Curriculum (after BSc in another major field of study).

The course is providing basic knowledge in development of algorithms, using certain programming language, running and testing the programs under certain operation system. The structure and the main operational principles of the computer systems are given. The means and accuracy of information presentation are also considered. Some of the key classes of algorithms and data structures are studied. The main techniques of the structural approach of programming and their application using JAVA programming language are introduced. The aim of the course is to teach the students the techniques in development of algorithms and programs using JAVA programming language. The knowledge will be used in the general theoretical, technical and some special courses.

Objectives:

Basic objectives and tasks:

- The students get knowledge of algorithm thinking;
- to give knowledge of the Data structures, that can process with computer;
- to give knowledge of the methods and skills in programming.
- to give knowledge of the syntax of a program language (JAVA);
- to give knowledge of the good style in programming;
- to give knowledge of the basic principles when develop applications

Methods of teaching: lectures, tutorials, group seminars or workshop, projects, other methods

Pre- requirements: Basic knowledge in Mathematics.

Exam: Written examination and discussion at the end of the semester, individual tasks and the general students' work during the semester.

Registration for the Course: not necessary

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and the Student Service Office

References:

1. H. Schildt *Java 2 A Beginners Gide*. McGraw-Hill, 2001.
2. K. Arnold, J. Goslin, D. Holmes *The Java Programming Languag*. Sun Microsystems,2000.
3. Саймън Харис, Джеймс Рос *Основи на алгоритмите*. Wiley, 2006.
4. Dori Smith *JAVA for Word Wide Web*. Peachpit Press, 1999.
5. H. Maruyama, K. Tamura, N. Uramoto *XML and JAVA: Developing Web applications*, Addison-Wesley, 2001.
6. Иван Плачков *Ръководство по програмни езици*. УниСофт-Пловдив, 2000

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Semester: **1**

Course type: **Lectures and tutorials**

ECTS Credits: **5,5 credits**

Course status: **Compulsory Course in the Computer Science B.S. Curriculum**

The Course is an Introduction in Discrete Structures used as a mathematical model in different computer science areas: logic, operations and relations in finite algebraic structures, representations of them as data structures, Boolean algebras, graphs, complexity of algorithms, combinatorics, finite automata etc.

Course aims: Non-trivial introduction in some important for Computer science areas, allowing the students to use effectively their knowledge in solving combinatorial problems.

Teaching methods: lectures, tutorials, group seminars or workshop, projects, other methods

Requirements/ Prerequisites: Basic knowledge in Mathematics.

Materials: Textbook and manual of the course are published, instructions for every laboratory theme and exemplary programs; access to web sites via Internet.

Evaluation: Written examination and discussion at the end of the semester, individual tasks and the general student's work during the semester.

Registration for the course : not necessary

COMPUTER ARCHITECTURES

Semester: 1

Form of the course: **Lectures/exercises**

Hours (per week): **3 hours lectures + 1 hours exercises per week, winter semester**

Credits: **5 (five) credits**

Status of the course in the educational plan:

The course is compulsory in the educational plan of MSc curriculum in Informatics.

Description of the course:

The course covers the advanced computer systems, their programming and functional model, introduce information in computer organization and memory types (major, operational, permanent, outdoor, etc.), system interruptions, features and technology solutions, conveyor ADP modes, system bus (types and structures), some problems of modern computer architectures (RISC, parallel and multiprocessor computer systems).

Scope of the course:

Obtaining knowledge of a systematic overview of the modern computer architecture, systems to form the theoretical and practical basis for better understanding of the work of computers to acquire skills in programming in assembly language.

Methods: discussions, practical exercises of the codes under consideration

Preliminary requirements: The students must have basic knowledge from mathematics.

Evaluation: permanent control during the semester (two written exams) and final exam.

Registration for the course: by application in the Educational Office

Registration for exam: up to agreement with the teacher and the Educational Office

Literature:

1. Брадли, Д. “Програмиране на асемблер за персонален компютър IBM/PC” Техника, София, 1989
2. Иванов Р. “Архитектура и системно програмиране за Pentium базирани компютри”, Габрово, 1998.
3. J. L. Hennessy, D. A. Patterson. Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach (3rd ed.). Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 1996.
4. Боровски Б., Боровска П., Архитектура на ЕИМ и микрокомпютри, Техника, 1992.
5. Горслайн Дж., Фамилия ИНТЕЛ, Техника, 1990.
6. Въчовски И., Наръчник по 32-разредни микропроцесори.
7. Компютърна енциклопедия, издателство Nisoft, част I и II.

COMPUTER NETWORKS AND COMMUNICATIONS

Semester: 1

Form of the course: **Lectures/exercises**

Hours (per week): **3 hours lectures + 1 hours exercises per week, winter semester**

Credits: **5,5 (five) credits**

Course status in the curriculum:

Compulsory for the students of speciality “Informatics” – bachelor degree .

Description of the course:

The course discusses the problems concerning design, building and application of computer networks. The lectures begin with introduction to computer networks, principles of building, historical development and their contemporary classification. Open system interconnection model of ISO is presented. Teaching course includes basic principles of building and functioning of Local Area Networks (LAN) illustrated by practical technical solutions in LAN Ethernet. The lectures on the most popular in the world computer network Internet present its basic characteristics, principles of functioning and application. The laboratory work helps to better rationalization of lecture material and contribute to formation of practical skills.

Aims and objectives of the course:

The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the basic principles, standards and tendencies of development in the field of computer networks. This will help them in future to professionally solve system tasks in the area of network communications.

Teaching methods:

Lectures (with slides, multimedia projector) and additional text materials; laboratory work (based on instructions) with a tutorial for every laboratory theme.

Prerequisites:

Basic knowledge in informatics.

Auxiliary means for teaching:

Computer and multimedia projector for the course. Computer, development software, local area network, Internet and a tutorial for every laboratory theme.

Method of assessment: written examination (work for fixed time).

Arrangement for examination: in the department office, co-ordinated with the lecturer.

NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND MATHEMATICAL OPTIMIZATION

Semester: 1

Course Type: lectures

Hours per Week/FS/SS: 3 lecture hours per week/SS

ECTS Credits: 4.5 credits

Department: Informatics, telephone: 073 / 588 532

Course Status: Compulsory Course in the Informatics M.S. Curriculum, period of study 4 semesters

Course Description: The course in Numerical Analysis and Mathematical Optimization includes basic results and methods in the area of Numerical Analysis and Mathematical Programming: part Numerical Analysis: basic methods for approximating functions – interpolation (Lagrange interpolating formula, interpolation error, divided differences, Newton form of interpolating polynomial) and least squares data fitting; numerical differentiation and numerical integration (Newton-Cotes quadrature formulas: midpoint rule and rectangular rule, trapezoidal rule, Simpson's rule); basic methods for numerical solution of nonlinear equations (false position method, secant method, Newton-Raphson method); numerical methods for solving systems of linear equations (Gauss and Gauss-Jordan methods, method of LU decomposition, etc.); part Mathematical Optimization: theory and methods of Linear Programming (general and canonical form of the linear programming problem, graphical solution of two-dimensional linear programs, simplex method, the big M method, duality in linear programming); linear transportation problem (finding starting solution, method of potentials); matrix games (minimax theorem of John von Neumann, graphical solution of games 2×2 , $2 \times m$, $m \times 2$, relationship between matrix games and linear programming).

Course Objectives: Students should obtain knowledge about basic numerical methods and basic results and methods of linear programming.

Teaching Methods: lectures

Requirements/Prerequisites: Mathematical Analysis, Linear Algebra, Analytic Geometry

Assessment: written final exam

Registration for the Course: not necessary

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

Basic Titles:

1. Bl. Sendov, V. Popov – “Numerical Analysis”, Part I, Kliment Ohridski Sofia University Press, Sofia, 1996; Part II, Nauka and Izkustvo Publishing House, Sofia, 1978 (in Bulgarian).
2. B. Boyanov – “Lectures on Numerical Analysis”, Darba Publishing House, Sofia, 1995 (in Bulgarian).
3. “Numerical Analysis Problem Book”, 2-nd ed., Kliment Ohridski Sofia University Press, Sofia, 1994 (in Bulgarian).
4. M. Kaschiev – “Numerical Analysis Handbook”, Martilen Publishing House, Sofia, 1994 (in Bulgarian).
5. V. Pasheva – “Introduction to Numerical Analysis”, Technical University, Sofia, 2009 (in Bulgarian).
6. S.M. Stefanov – “Quantitative Methods of Management”, Heron Press, 2003 (in Bulgarian).

Additional Titles:

1. R. L. Burden, J. D. Faires – “Numerical Analysis”, 9-th ed., Cengage Learning, Stamford, CT, USA, 2011.
2. J. D. Faires, R. L. Burden – “Numerical Methods”, 4-th ed., Brooks/Cole Publishing Company, Pacific Grove, CA, USA, 2013.
3. S.M. Stefanov – “Numerical Analysis”, MS4004-2203, Limerick, 1998.
4. Hamdy A. Taha – “Operations Research: An Introduction”, Prentice Hall, 10-th ed., 2017.

Abbreviation: FS: Fall Semester SS; Spring Semester

ALGORITHMS IN GRAPHS AND NETWORKS

Semester: 2

Cours Tipe: Lectures and tutorials

Hours per week/FS/SS: 3 lecture hours, 1 tutorial hours per week/SS

ECTS credits: 6,5 credits

Course Status: Obligatory course in the Computer Science M.Sc. Curriculum.

Short Description:

The 1970s ushered in an exciting era of research and applications of networks and graphs in operations research, industrial engineering, and related disciplines. Graphs are met with everywhere under different names: "structures", "road maps" in civil engineering; "networks" in electrical engineering; "sociograms", "communication structures" and "organizational structures" in sociology and economics; "molecular structure" in chemistry; gas or electricity "distribution networks" and so on.

Because of its wide applicability, the study of graph theory has been expanding at a very rapid rate during recent years; a major factor in this growth being the development of large and fast computing machines. The direct and detailed representation of practical systems, such as distribution or telecommunication networks, leads to graphs of large size whose successful analysis depends as much on the existence of "good" algorithms as on the availability of fast computers. In view of this, the present course concentrates on the development and exposition of algorithms for the analysis of graphs, although frequent mention of application areas is made in order to keep the text as closely related to practical problem-solving as possible.

Although, in general, algorithmic efficiency is considered of prime importance, the present

course is not meant to be a course of efficient algorithms. Often a method is discussed because of its close relation to (or derivation from) previously introduced concepts. The overriding consideration is to leave the student with as coherent a body of knowledge with regard to graph analysis algorithms, as possible.

In this course are considered some elements of the following main topics;

Introduction in graph theory (essential concepts and definitions, modeling with graphs and networks, data structures for networks and graphs, computational complexity, heuristics).

Tree algorithms (spanning tree algorithms, variations of the minimum spanning tree problem, branchings and arborescences).

Shortest-path algorithms (types of shortest-path problems and algorithms, shortest-paths from a single source, all shortest-path algorithms, the k- shortest-path algorithm, other shortest-paths).

Maximum- flow algorithms (flow-augmenting paths, maximum-flow algorithm, extensions and modifications, minimum-cost flow algorithms, dynamic flow algorithms).

Matching and assignment algorithms (introduction and examples, maximum-cardinality matching in a bipartite graph, maximum-cardinality matching in a general graph, maximum-weight matching in a bipartite graph, the assignment problem).

The chinese postman and related arc routing problems (Euler tours and Hamiltonian tours, the postman problem for undirected graphs, the postman problem for directed graphs).

The traveling salesman and related vertex routing problems (Hamiltonian tours, basic properties of the traveling salesman problem, lower bounds, optimal solution techniques, heuristic algorithms for the TSP).

Location problems (classifying location problems, center problems, median problems).

Project networks (constructing project networks, critical path method, generalized project networks).

Course Aims:

Students should obtain basic knowledge and skills for solving optimization problems for graphs and networks.

Teaching Methods: lectures, tutorials, individual student's work

Requirements/Prerequisites: Linear Algebra, Linear optimization

Assessment: 3 homework D1,D2,D3; 2 tests K1, K2 (project); written final exam

Rating: $= 0,2 \cdot \left(\frac{D1 + D2 + D3}{3} \right) + 0,5 \cdot \left(\frac{K1 + K2}{2} \right) + 0,3$ (Exam)

Registration for the Course: by request at the end of the current semester (when is not obligatory course).

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and Students Service Department

References:

1. Mirchev, Iv., "Graphs". "Optimization algorithms for networks", Blagoevgrad, 2001 (in Bulgarian).
2. Mirchev, Iv., "Mathematical programming", Blagoevgrad, 2000 (in Bulgarian).
3. Minieka, E., "Optimization Algorithms for Networks and Graphs, Marcel dekker, Inc., New York and basel, 1978 /Майника, Э. Алгоритмы оптимизации на сетях и графах, М., "Мир" p1981/.
4. Christofides, N., Graph Theory. An Algorithmic Approach, Academic Press Inc /London/ Ltd. 1975, 1997 /Кристофидес, Н. Теория графов. Алгоритмический подход, М., "Мир", 1978/.

5. Swami, M., Thulasiraman, Graphs, Networks and Algorithms, John Wiley & Sons, 1981 /Сваами М., К. Тхуласирман. Графы, сети и алгоритмы, М., “Мир”, 1984/.

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

SS: Spring Semester

DATABASES

Semester: 2

Course Type: lecture

Hours per week/FS/SS: 3 lecture; 2 exercise week/SS

ECTS credits: 7

Course Status: Obligatory course in the Computer Science

In this course we will present Database Theory. Course contains programmer/analyst –oriented in database management, practical training.

Course Aims:

Students should obtain knowledge and skills for designing of real database;

Teaching Methods: lectures, demonstrations and work on project

Requirements/Prerequisites: Linear algebra, Computer languages.

Assessment: course project

Registration for the Course: *by request at the end of the current semester*

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

Basic Titles:

1. Pavel Azalov. Database. Relation and objective approach, Tehnika, 1991 г.
2. J.C. Shepherd, Database Management: Theory and application. 1990, Boston

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

SS: Spring Semester

PROBABILITY AND STATISTIC

Semester: 2

Type of Course: **lectures, in computer lab**

Hours per week – **3 hours lectures, 2 hours tutorials in computer lab/winter se**

Credits Numbers: **7 credits**

Course Status: **obligatory** course in curriculum of major Informatics. Bachelor degree.

In this course questions of Probability and Mathematical Statistics are considered. Algorithms connected with finding structural and numerical characteristics of graph's are represented. Basic notion of Probability and Statistics are considered connected with Theory of Estimations, and Decision Theory in case of big and small samples, testing of hypothesis based on models about the probability distributions of the features in the investigated population.

Objectives:

The students should obtain knowledge and understanding that the intercourse character needs to discover the connection Mathematics- Informatics- Physics- Economics and much more other sciences :

Methods of teaching: seminars, tutorials, discussions, project based method.

Pre- requirements: It is helpful the students have some knowledge in Analysis and Information Technology

Assessment and Evaluation

Three semestrials tests witch estimations will have part in the final estimation (50%)

The course is successful completed with at least 65% of all scores.

Registration for the Course: obligatory course

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and the Student Service Office

PRACTICAL COURSE IN COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

Semester: 2

Course Type: labs

Hours per week/SS: 2 labs hours per week/SS

ECTS credits: 3.0 credits

Course Status: Compulsory Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course Description: The course discusses the visual design environments and event-driven programming (C++ Builder, Visual Studio), through which can be created application software system. For examples the development of software during the classes used programming language C++ (or C#). Students learn the principles of planning, design, development and testing of software and information systems.

Course Objectives: The course aims to extend knowledge of programming with visual design environments and event-driven programming. After completion of the course students should be able to:

- Give a specification to plan and design software;
- Develop software using a visual design environment and event-driven programming;
- Tested the final software product;
- Establish help support system and user guide.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project and teamwork.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of operating systems, information technology, object-oriented programming and databases. Desirable Knowledge of programming languages C + + and / or C #.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. During the laboratory sessions the student receives n-assessments on current projects - CP1-CPn and protects the end of the semester individual course project - ICP. The final evaluation - FE is calculated according to: $FE = ((CP1 + \dots + CPn) / n + ICP) / 2$

Registration for the Course: The course is compulsory and is not applied for its study.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

1. J. Hollingworth, B. Swart, M. Cashman, P. Gustavson (2003) *Borland C++ Builder 6 Developers Guide*, SAMS
2. Borland Software Corporation (2002) *Borland C++ 6 for Windows Developers Guide*, Borland Publishing, 2002
3. Daniel P. Friedman, Mitchell Wand (2008) *Essentials of Programming Languages*, MIT Press
4. Ian Sommerville (2011) *Software Engineering*, Addison-Wesley Press
5. Thomas Cormen, Charles Leiserson, Ronald Riverst, Clifford Stein (2009) *Introduction to Algorithms*, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
6. Chris Rolliston (2012) *Delphi XE2 Foundations*, WordPress
7. Marco Cantu (2011) *Delphi XE Handbook: A Guide to New Features in Delphi XE*, Wintech Italia
8. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia (2015) *Algorithm Design and Applications*, Wiley
9. Dmitri Nesteruk (2018) *Design Patterns in Modern C++: Reusable Approaches for Object-Oriented Software Design*, Apress.
10. Michael Dawson (2014) *Beginning C++ Through Game Programming*, 4th Edition, Cengage Learning PTR.
11. Will Briggs (2019) *C++ for Lazy Programmers. Quick, Easy, and Fun C++ for Beginners*, Apress.
12. Josh Lospinoso (2019) *C++ Crash Course. A Fast-Paced Introduction*, Cengage Learning PTR.
13. Mike McGrath (2017) *C++ Programming in easy steps*, 5th Edition, Easy Steps Limited
14. Anthony Williams (2018) *C++ Concurrency in Action*, 2nd Edition, Manning Publications Co.
15. Dale Green (2016) *Procedural Content Generation for C++ Game Development*, Packt Publishing.

Abbreviation: SS: Spring Semester

PRACTICAL COURSE IN DATABASES

Semester: 2

Course Type: lab exercises

Hours per week/SS: 2 labs hours per week/SS

ECTS credits: 2.0 credits

Course Status: Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

The course is practical introductions in Relational Database Management Systems (RDBMS). The students learns principles and methods for modeling data in relational database systems, and modeling applications for one-users account environment. Examine type of tasks in area of small office automations and stages on they realization.

The course is naturally continuation on course of databases.

Course Objectives:

The course aims to extend knowledge of databases with visual design environments and event-driven programming.

After completion of the course students should be able to:

- modeled data in the context of database;
- apply a systematic approach to developing small software applications in the field of database;
- implement small projects of automation of office activities in the field of database.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project and teamwork.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of information technology, databases, object-oriented programming and work with MS Access. Desirable Knowledge of programming languages C + +, ObjectPascal and / or C #.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. During the laboratory sessions the student receives n-assessments on current projects - CP1-CPn and protects the end of the semester individual course project - ICP. The final evaluation - FE is calculated according to: $FE = ((CP1 + \dots + CPn) / n + ICP) / 2$

Registration for the Course: Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

Basic Titles:

1. Churcher, C. Beginning Database Design: From Novice to Professional. Paperback, 2007
2. Peter Rob, Carlos Coronel. Database Systems: Design, Implementation, and Management. Hardcover, 2007
3. Rod Stephens. Beginning Database Design Solutions (Wrox Programmer to Programmer). Paperback, 2008

Additional Titles:

1. Borland Software Corporation. Borland Developer Studio 2010. Borland Publishing 2010

Abbreviation:

SS: Spring Semester

PRACTICAL COURSE IN PERL

Semester: 2

Course Type: labs

Hours (weekly)/WS/SS: 2 labs per week/SS

ECTS Credits: 2.0 credits

Course Status: Optional course from the Computer Science Master Curriculum.

Short Description:

This course observes Perl language and its application in different aspects of software development and data processing.

Course Aims:

The course aim is to give theoretical and practical background to students to use script languages in software development.

Teaching Methods: Labs.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Knowledge in Operating Systems, Programming Basics, Discrete Mathematics.

Exam: final exam

Registration for the course: A request is made by students at the end of the current semester

Registration for the exam: Coordinated with lecturer and Students Service Department

References:

1. <http://idamianov.web.officelive.com/>
2. David Till, Teach Yourself Perl 5 in 21 day
3. <http://www.perl.org>
4. http://docs.rinet.ru/Perl5_examples/
5. <http://docs.rinet.ru/PerlSBlohami/>
6. http://docs.rinet.ru/Using_Perl5_in_Web/

PRACTICAL COURSE IN WEB DESIGN

Semester: 2**Course Type:** lab exercises**Hours per week/SS:** 2 labs hours per week/SS**ECTS credits:** 2.0 credits**Course Status:** Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course Description: The course examines issues and techniques related to the content organization and visualization on the web. Techniques for the static and dynamic pages developing and integrating them into complete websites are presented. An introduction to HTML, XHTML, and CSS is also provided. During the laboratory sessions, a website will be developed using the languages and technologies as HTML, CSS, JavaScript, C # and ASP.Net MVC. This course will allow the students to develop and refine the skills to design website designs and concepts. They can study how to use the appropriate fonts on the web and how to create and process vector and raster images suitable for web content.

Course Objectives: This course aims to provide depth theoretical knowledge and practical abilities in the field of adaptive web design. They will study the developing methods of websites, layout, and composition of the web elements, depending on the type of device, how to publish websites and support a web server.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project and teamwork.

Requirements: Needed basic knowledge of operating systems, information technology, graphics editors and working with multimedia files.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Evaluation of current control is obtained by taking the average of the assessment of coursework and tasks solved during the semester. Students who have a minimum average estimate /3/ of the current control is not allowed to test the regular session. They must present additional development and evaluation after receiving at least medium /3/ be admitted to the written examination of supplementary or liquidation session. The final estimate is derived from the average of the current control and evaluation of the written exam.

Registration for the Course: Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department.

References:

1. Giovanni Difeterici, *The Web Designer's Roadmap*, SitePoint, 2012
2. Jason Beard, *The Principles of Beautiful Web Design*, SitePoint, 2010
3. Steve Fulton and Jeff Fulton, *HTML5 Canvas*, 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2013
4. Bill Scott and Theresa Neil, *Designing Web Interfaces*, O'Reilly Media, 2009
5. Lara Callender Hogan, *Designing for Performance*, O'Reilly Media, 2015

6. António Pratas, *Creating Flat Design Websites: Design and develop your own flat design websites in HTML*, Packt Publishing, 2014
7. Jörg Krause, *Introducing Web Development*, Apress, 2016
8. Joshua Johanan, Talha Khan and Ricardo Zea, *Web Developer's Reference Guide*, Packt Publishing, 2016
9. Jason Gonzales, *Mobile First Design with HTML5 and CSS3*, Packt Publishing, 2013
10. Brian P. Hogan, *Web Design for Developers: A Programmer's Guide to Design Tools and Techniques*, The Pragmatic Bookshelf, 2009
11. Peter Gasston, *Multi-Device Web Development with HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript*, No Starch Press, 2013
12. Clarissa Peterson, *Learning Responsive Web Design*, O'Reilly Media, 2014
13. Bill Evjen, Scott Hanselman, Devin Rader, *Professional ASP.NET 4 in C# and VB*, Wiley Publishing, 2010
14. Dafydd Stuttard and Marcus Pinto, *The Web Application Hacker's Handbook: Finding and Exploiting Security Flaws*, Second Edition, Wiley Publishing, 2011
15. Alexis Goldstein, Louis Lazaris, and Estelle Weyl, *HTML5 & CSS3 for the Real World*, Sitepoint, 2015
16. Aditya Ravi Shankar, *Pro HTML5 Games: Learn to Build your Own Games using HTML5 and JavaScript*, 2nd Edition, Apress, 2017
17. A. Flanagan and S.M. Maniatis, *Intellectual Property on the Internet*, University of London, 2008;
http://www.londoninternational.ac.uk/sites/default/files/intellectual_property_internet.pdf
18. WIPO, *The Enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights: A Case Book*, 2012;
http://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/intproperty/791/wipo_pub_791.pdf
19. Денис Колисниченко, *HTML 5 & CSS 3 практически програмиране за начинаещи*, изд. Асеновци, 2012
20. Жюстин Томас, *Програмиране на WEB дизайн*, изд. Нови знания, 2013
21. Алдениз Рашидов, *HTML, XHTML & CSS*, изд. Асеновци, 2012
22. Сергей Соколов, *CSS3 в примери*, изд. Асеновци, 2012

Abbreviation:

SS: Spring Semester

PRACTICAL COURSE IN COMBINATORICS, CODING THEORY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY

Semester: 2

Form of the course: **Exercises**

Hours (per week): **2 hours exercises per week, summer semester**

Credits: 2 (two) **credits**

Status of the course in the educational plan:

The course is optional in the MSc curriculum in Informatics.

Description of the course:

The Practical course is scheduled to be held simultaneously with the course of Combinatorics, Coding Theory and Cryptography (CCC), which introduced the basic concepts of coding theory, error-correcting codes, Hamming distance, code parameters, equivalency of codes, and encoding and decoding with linear codes, syndrome decoding, cyclic codes. In the cryptographic part, the classical chiphers are considered and followed by the modern systems for secret and public keys.

Scope of the course:

The aim of the course is students to acquire practical skills for working with linear codes over finite field, perfect codes, Hamming codes, and practical applications of coding theory and cryptography.

Methods: discussions, practical exercises on the codes under consideration

Preliminary requirements: The students must have basic knowledge from the Number theory and algebra, probability theory, coding theory and cryptography

Evaluation: permanent control during the semester (two written exams) and exam – coursework problem

Registration for the course: by application in the Educational Office

Registration for exam: up to agreement with the teacher and the Educational Office

Literature:

1. R. Hill. A first course in coding theory, Calderon Press, Oxford, 1986.
2. F. J. MacWilliams, N. J. A. Sloane, The theory of error-correcting codes, New York, North Holland, 1977 (русски превод Москва, Связь 1979).
3. W. Peterson, E. Weldon Jr., Error-correcting codes, Second edition, Cambridge (Mass), MIT Press, 1971 (русски превод Москва, Мир, 1976).
4. Р. Блейхут. Теория и практика кодов, контролирующих ошибки, Москва, Мир, 1986.
5. Записки (www.moi.math.bas.bg/~peter).

LOGIC PROGRAMMING

Semester: 2

Type of Course: lectures and labs

Hours per week - 2 lectures + 1 seminar per week

Credits Numbers: 4,5

Course Status: Optional course from the Computer Science Bachelor Curriculum.

The course provides introduction to logic programming. The main techniques of the structural approach of programming and their application using Prolog programming language are introduced.

Objectives:

The aim of the course is to teach the students with the techniques in development of algorithms and programmes using Prolog programming language. The knowledge will be used in the general theoretical, and some special courses for example programming for artificial intelligence

Methods of teaching: lectures and labs in a computer classroom

Pre-requirements: Basic knowledge in "Programming and Data structures" and "Mathematical Logics".

Exam: Written examination and discussion at the end of the semester, individual programming task and the general student's work during the semester.

Registration for the Course: not necessary

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and the Student Service Office

References:

1. М. Тодорова Езици за функционално и логическо програмиране, втора част Логическо програмиране. София, Сиела, 2003.
2. И. Держански, И. Ненова "Пролог за лингвисти." Tempus S-JEP-07272-94, 1997.
3. W. F. Clocksin, C. S. Mellish "Programming in Prolog" Springer-Verlag, 1984.
4. I. Bratko "Prolog Programming for Artificial Intelligence. Addison-Wesley, 1986.
5. G. Metakides, A. Nerode "Principles of Logic and Logic Programming" Elsevier, 1996.
6. John Malpas "Prolog: A Relational Language and its Application. Prentis-Hall, 1987.
7. A. Thayse, P. Gribomont, G. Louis, D. Snyers, P. Wodon, P. Goshet, E. Gregoire, E. Sanchez, Ph. Delsarte "Approshe Logique de L'Intelligence Artificielle. Paris, Bordas, 1988.
8. J. Doores, A. R. Reiblein, S. Vadera "Prolog – programming for tomorrow" Sigma Press, 1987.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Semester: 2

Type of Course: **lectures and tutorials in computer lab**

Hours per week: **2 hours lecture and 1 hour tutorials in computer lab**

Credits Numbers: **4,5 credits**

Course Status: Elective course in curriculum of major Informatics. Master degree.

Course Description: Software engineering associate with the development of software using well-defined scientific principles, methods, and procedures. The outcome of software engineering is an efficient and reliable software product. The result of software engineering is an effective and reliable software product. The innovations observed today are the result of well-designed and quality developed software products. This course is a theoretical and practical introduction to the management of software engineering. During the lectures, the students will become acquainted with the necessary theoretical material, and during the laboratory sessions, they will apply the acquired knowledge in practical projects.

Course Objectives This course aims to provide students with knowledge of basic theoretical concepts and practical approaches related to software engineering.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project and teamwork.

Requirements: Needed basic knowledge of operating systems, computer programming and Data structures, object-oriented programming, databases and DBMS.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale – 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Evaluation of current control is obtained by taking the average of the assessment of coursework and paper. Students who have a minimum average estimate /3/ of the current control is not allowed to test the regular session. They must present additional development and evaluation after receiving at least medium /3/ be admitted to the written examination of supplementary or liquidation session. The final estimate is derived from the average of the current control and evaluation of the written exam.

Registration for the Course: Not necessary.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department.

References:

Basic Titles:

1. Capers Jones (2010) "Software Engineering Best Practices Lessons from Successful Projects in the Top Companies", McGraw-Hill Companies.
2. Rob Stephens (2015) "Beginning Software Engineering", Wrox.
3. John Dooley (2011) "Software Development and Professional Practice", Apress.
4. Henry H. Liu (2009) "Software Performance and Scalability. A Quantitative Approach", John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
5. Per Runeson, Martin Höst, Austen Rainer, Björn Regnell (2012) "Case Study Research in Software Engineering. Guidelines and Examples", John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
6. Stephen R. Schach (2011) "Object-Oriented and Classical Software Engineering", 8th Edition, McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
7. Coral Calero, Mario Piattini, Editors (2015) "Green in Software Engineering", Springer.
8. Sam Guckenheimer, Neno Loje (2012) "Agile Software Engineering with Visual Studio (Microsoft Windows Development Series)", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley
9. Caitlin Sadowski, Thomas Zimmermann, Editors (2019) "Rethinking Productivity in Software Engineering", Apress Open.
10. Josh Tyler (2015) "Building Great Software Engineering Teams", Apress.
11. Priyadarshi Tripathy, Kshirasagar Naik (2015) "Software evolution and maintenance: a practitioner's approach", John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

12. Olga Filipova, Rui Vilão (2018) "Software Development from A to Z: A Deep Dive into all the Roles Involved in the Creation of Software", Apress.
13. Douglas Bell (2005) "Software Engineering for Students: A Programming Approach", 4-th Edition, Addison-Wesley.
14. Simple Easy Learning (2018) "Software Engineering Tutorial: Absolute Beginners";
https://www.tutorialspoint.com/software_engineering/index.htm
15. Ronald J. Leach (2016) "Introduction to Software Engineering", 2nd Edition, CRC Press.
16. Susan Lincke (2015) "Security Planning: An Applied Approach", Springer.

Additional Titles:

1. Free ebook: Creating Mobile Apps with Xamarin.Forms; https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/microsoft_press/2016/03/31/free-ebook-creating-mobile-apps-with-xamarin-forms/
2. Xamarin.Forms; <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/xamarin/xamarin-forms/>
3. Xamarin; <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/xamarin>
4. Microsoft Visual Studio; <https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/>

Abbreviation:

SS: Spring Semester

COMBINATORICS, CODING THEORY, CRYPTOGRAPHY

Semester: 2

Form of the course: **Lectures/exercises**

Hours (per week): **3 hours lectures per week, summer semester**

Credits: **4,5 credits**

Status of the course in the educational plan:

The course is to be chosen in the educational plan of specialties Informatics, MSc after BSc in field different from Informatics.

Description of the course:

The course starts with introduction of the main notions of the Coding theory – error-correcting codes, Hamming distance, code parameters, equivalency of codes. Then the necessary algebraic background (finite fields and vector spaces over finite fields) is developed and encoding and decoding with linear codes (including syndrome decoding) are studied. Important classes of codes are introduced and the theory of cyclic codes is developed. In the cryptographic part the classical chiphers are considered and followed by the modern systems for

secret and public keys.

Scope of the course:

Obtaining knowledge of the theoretical backgrounds and practical abilities for applications of the Coding theory and the cryptography. Development of abilities for work with (linear) codes over finite field with special emphasis of their algebraic and combinatorial properties.

Methods: lectures, discussions, practical exercises of the codes under consideration

Preliminary requirements: The students must have basic knowledge from the Number theory and algebra.

Evaluation: permanent control during the semester (two written exams) and exam in the semester's end in two parts – problems solving and answering theoretical questions.

Registration for the course: *by application in the Educational Office in the end of the semester*

Registration for exam: up to agreement with the teacher and the Educational Office

Literature:

1. Notices (www.moi.math.bas.bg/~peter)
2. Raymond Hill. A First Course in Coding Theory, Calderon Press, Oxford, 1986.

NEURAL NETWORKS

Semester: 3

Course Type: 6

Hours per week/FS/SS: 3 lecture; 1 exercise week/SS

ECTS credits: 6.5

Course Status: Obligatory course in the Computer Science - M.S. curriculum

Neural networks are composed of simple elements operating in parallel. These elements are inspired by biological nervous systems. As in nature, the network function is determined largely by the connections between elements.

Neural networks can be trained to solve problems that are difficult for conventional computers or human beings.

Course Aims:

Students should obtain knowledge and skills for designing of the neural network.

Teaching Methods: lectures, demonstrations and work on project

Requirements/Prerequisites: Assessment: course project

Registration for the Course: *by request at the end of the current semester*

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

Basic Titles:

1. Anthony L. Caterini, Dong Eui Chang. (2018) Deep Neural Networks in a Mathematical Framework, Springer, Switzerland.
2. V. Alluru B. Rao., C++ Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic, London IDG Books Worldwide, Inc. 1998.
3. Patricia Melin, Modular Neural Networks and Type 2 Fuzzy Systems for Pattern Recognition, 2012, Springer.
4. R.B. Macy. Pattern recognition with Neural networks in C++, CRC Press, 1994.

Abbreviation: FS: Fall Semester

SS: Spring Semester

COMPONENT-ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Semester: 3

Course Type: lectures, lab exercises

Hours per week/FS: 2 lecture hour per week and 2 labs hours per week/FS

ECTS credits: 6.0 credits

Course Status: Compulsory Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course Description:

The basic principles for creating and using components in the development of software solutions are presented in the course. The topics to be discussed are as follows: programming fundamentals. Understanding the component library; introduction to component creation2. Introduction to component creation; object-oriented programming for component writers; creating properties; creating events; creating methods; using graphics in components; handling messages; making components available at design time; modifying an existing component; creating a graphic component; customizing a grid; making a control data aware; making a dialog box a component; extending the IDE;

Course Objectives:

The aim of the course is to teach students some of the basics in creating component-oriented software solutions, using visual design environments and event-oriented programming.

After completion of the course students should be able to:

- create and use different types of components in the development of software products

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of object-oriented programming. Desirable knowledge of visual design environments and event-oriented programming, such as RAD Studio or/and Visual Studio.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through two courseworks, one control test and one course project (50% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (50% of final grade). When shown a weak exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: The course is compulsory and is not applied for its study.
Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

1. Embarcadero Technologies. (2017). Component Writer's Guide: Embarcadero Technologies. Retrieved from Embarcadero Technologies Web Site: docwiki.embarcadero.com/RADStudio/Seattle/en/Component_Writers_Guide_Index.
2. John Barrow, Linda Miller, Katherine Malan, Helene Gelderblom. (2005). Introducing Delphi Programming: Theory through Practice 4th Edition. Publisher: Oxford University Press.
3. Danny Thorpe. (1996). Delphi Component Design Paperback. Publisher: Addison-Wesley.
4. Marco Cantu. (2003). Mastering Delphi 7. Publisher Sybex.
5. Marco Cantu. (2010). Delphi 2010 Handbook: A Guide to the New Features of Delphi.
6. Nick Hodges. (2015). More Coding in Delphi. Publisher: Nepeta Enterprises.

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

MATHEMATICAL MODELING OF DISCRETE STRUCTURES AND PROCESSES

Semester: 3

Cours Tipe: Lectures and tutorials

Hours per week/FS/SS: 3 lecture hours, 1 tutorial hours per week/FS

ECTS credits: 6.5 credits

Course Status: Obligatory course in the Informatics M.S. Curriculum period of study 2 years.

Short Description:

The 1970s ushered in an exciting era of research and applications of networks and graphs in operations research, industrial engineering, and related disciplines. Graphs are met with everywhere under different names: "structures", "road maps" in civil engineering; "networks" in electrical engineering; "sociograms", "communication structures" and "organizational structures" in sociology and economics; "molecular structure" in chemistry; gas or electricity "distribution networks" and so on.

Because of its wide applicability, the study of graph theory has been expanding at a very rapid rate during recent years; a major factor in this growth being the development of large and fast computing machines. The direct and detailed representation of practical systems, such as distribution or telecommunication networks, leads to graphs of large size whose successful analysis depends as much on the existence of "good" algorithms as on the availability of fast computers. In view of this, the present course concentrates on the development and exposition of algorithms for the analysis of graphs, although frequent mention of application areas is

made in order to keep the text as closely related to practical problem-solving as possible. Although, in general, algorithmic efficiency is considered of prime importance, the present course is not meant to be a course of efficient algorithms. Often a method is discussed because of its close relation to (or derivation from) previously introduced concepts. The overriding consideration is to leave the student with as coherent a body of knowledge with regard to graph analysis algorithms, as possible.

In this course are considered some elements of the following main topics;

Introduction in graph theory (essential concepts and definitions, modeling with graphs and networks, data structures for networks and graphs, computational complexity, heuristics).

Tree algorithms (spanning tree algorithms, variations of the minimum spanning tree problem, branchings and arborescences).

Shortest-path algorithms (types of shortest-path problems and algorithms, shortest-paths from a single source, all shortest-path algorithms, the k- shortest-path algorithm, other shortest-paths).

Maximum- flow algorithms (flow-augmenting paths, maximum-flow algorithm, extensions and modifications, minimum-cost flow algorithms, dynamic flow algorithms).

Matching and assignment algorithms (introduction and examples, maximum-cardinality matching in a bipartite graph, maximum-cardinality matching in a general graph, maximum-weight matching in a bipartite graph, the assignment problem).

The chinese postman and related arc routing problems (Euler tours and Hamiltonian tours, the postman problem for undirected graphs, the postman problem for directed graphs).

The traveling salesman and related vertex routing problems (Hamiltonian tours, basic properties of the traveling salesman problem, lower bounds, optimal solution techniques, heuristic algorithms for the TSP).

Location problems (classifying location problems, center problems, median problems).

Project networks (constructing project networks, critical path method, generalized project networks).

Course Aims:

Students should obtain basic knowledge in Mathematical modeling in discrete structures and skills for solving optimization problems for graphs and networks.

Teaching Methods: lectures, tutorials, individual student's work

Requirements/Prerequisites: Linear Algebra, Linear optimization

Assessment: 3 homework D1, D2, D3; 2 tests K1, K2 (project); written final exam

Rating: $0,2.(D1+D2+D3)/3 + 0,5.(K1+K2)/2 + 0,3(Exam)$

Registration for the Course: by request at the end of the current semester (when is not obligatory course).

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and Students Service Department

References:

1. Mirchev, Iv., "Graphs". "Optimization algorithms for networks", Blagoevgrad, 2001 (in Bulgarian).
2. Mirchev, Iv., "Mathematical programming", Blagoevgrad, 2000 (in Bulgarian).
3. Minieka, E., "Optimization Algorithms for Networks and Graphs, Marcel dekker, Inc.,

- New York and basel, 1978 /Майника, Э.Алгоритмы оптимизации на сетях и графах, М., “Мир” p1981/.
4. Christofides, N., graph Theory. An Algorithmic approach, Academic Press Inc /London/ Ltd. 1975, 1997 /Кристофидес, Н. Теория графов.Алгоритмический подход, М., “Мир”, 1978/.
 5. Swami, M., Thulasiraman, Graphs, Networks and Algorithms, John Wiley & Sons, 1981 /Сваами М., К. Тхуласирман. Графы, сети и алгоритмы, М., “Мир”, 1984/.
 6. Зайченко Ю. П., Исследование операций, Киев, “Выща школа”, 1988.

Abbreviation: FS: Fall Semester

SS: Spring Semester

HIGH PERFORMANCE PARALLEL COMPUTER SYSTEMS

Semester: 3

Course Type: lectures, lab exercises

Hours per week/SS: 2 lecture hours per week and 1 labs hours per week/FS

ECTS credits: 5.0 credits

Course Status: Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

The proposed curriculum is high performance parallel computer systems, their programming and functional model. Deals with the parallel information processing and computer systems work in real time.

Course Objectives:

This course aims to provide basic knowledge on modern computer architectures and systems. Study is the development of RISC architectures, type the last generations of processors Itanium, hyper wire technology, transport and parallel computer systems.

After completion of the course students should be able to:

- have knowledge about how to build high-performance computer systems, different architectures and mathematical apparatus used in their realization.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project and teamwork.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of computer architecture, discrete mathematics, operating systems, numerical methods and optimization, programming.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through coursework (30% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (70% of final grade). When shown a weak exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: **Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.**

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department.

References:**Basic Titles:**

1. Rob Williams, Computer Systems Architecture: A networking approach, Addison Wesley, 2000
2. Stallings, Computer Organisation and Architecture, Prentice Hall, 2002
3. Miles Murdocca, Principles of Computer Architecture, Addison Wesley, 1999
4. Mark Hill, Readings in Computer Architecture., Morgan Kaufman, 1999
5. Vincejnt Heuring, Computer Systems Design and Architecture, Benjamin Cummings, 1997
6. Gene Golub, James Ortega, Scientific Computing for Computer Scientists: An Introduction to Parallel Computing, Academic Press 1993
7. Dillep Bhandarkar, Alpha Architecture and Implementation, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1996
8. Michael Flynn, Computer Architecture: Pipeland and Parallel Processor Design, Jones and Barlett Publishers International 1995

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

FAULT-TOLERANCE COMPUTER SYSTEMS

Semester: 3

Course Type: lectures, lab exercises

Hours per week/SS: 2 lecture hours per week and 1 labs hours per week/FS

ECTS credits: 5.0 credits

Course Status: Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

The proposed curriculum is considered the principles of fault-tolerant computer systems, computer networks and software. Deals with architecture, patterns of diagnosis, analysis of capacity and how to design and create Dependable systems. The course provides additional knowledge in applied activities of the modern master specialist in informatics.

Course Objectives:

This course aims to provide basic knowledge to build modern Fault-Tolerance Computer Systems.

After completion of the course students should be able to:

- Fault-tolerance computer systems design.
- Fault-tolerance computer systems analysis.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project and teamwork.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of computer architecture, discrete mathematics, operating systems, numerical methods and optimization, programming.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through coursework

(30% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (70% of final grade). When shown a weak exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: **Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.**

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department.

References:

Basic Titles:

1. Коваленко, А.Е., Гула, В.В., Отказоустойчивые микропроцессорные системы. Техніка, 1986, Украина
2. Авиженис А. Отказоустойчивость-свойство, обеспечивающее, постоянную работоспособность цифровых систем. Тр. Ин-та инженеров по электротехнике и радиоэлектронике, 1978, т.66 номер 10
3. Mine H. Hatayama K. Performance evaluation of faulttolerant computing system. Proceedings of the FTCS -9 1979
4. Sauer A.M. Schmitter E.J. The fault-tolerant microcomputer system BFS -Proceedings of the FTCS – 11, 1981

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

PRINCIPLES OF GRID-NETWORKS

Semester: 3

Course Type: lectures, lab exercises

Hours per week/SS: 2 lecture hours per week and 1 labs hours per week/FS

ECTS credits: 5.0 credits

Course Status: Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

The proposed curriculum is considered the principles of the GRID network. Deals with the principles and essence of the GRID network, features a GRID architecture, applied technology and other tools of the GRID network.

Course Objectives:

This course aims to provide basic knowledge of infrastructure architecture and development of the GRID network.

After completion of the course students should be:

- have knowledge about how to build and use of GRID systems and their tools..

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project and teamwork.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of computer architecture, discrete mathematics, operating systems, numerical methods and optimization, programming.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through coursework (30% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (70% of final grade). When shown a weak exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: **Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.**

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department.

References:

Basic Titles:

1. Grid Computing. Making the Global Infrastructure a Reality. Fran Berman, Geoffrey Fox, Antony Hey (ed.). Wiley, 2003.
2. The Grid: Blueprint for a New Computing Infrastructure, Ian Foster, Carl Kesselman (ed.). Morgan Kaufmann, 1999.
3. Condor ® Version 6.4.3 Manual (<http://www.cs.wisc.edu/condor/manual/v6.4/>)
4. The Globus Grid Project (<http://www.globus.org/research/>)
5. Legion – a Worldwide Virtual Computer (<http://legion.virginia.edu/introduction.html>)
6. Core Jini, W. Keith Edwards
7. Jini™ Network technology (<http://www.sun.com/software/jini/>)
8. The Jxta solution to P2P (<http://www.javaworld.com/javaworld/jw-10-2001/jw-1019-jxta.html>)

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

TRAINING IN IT COMPANY (ORGANIZATION)

Semester: 3

Type of Course: Extracurricular occupation

ECTS Credits: 5.0 credits

Course Status: Elective course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course description:

The course is designed for acquiring practical skills and habits and the acquisition of expertise through introduction and participation in the activities of companies and organizations who design, implement, deploy and use modern IT.

Objectives:

This course aims to bind the knowledge gained from university education with hands-on activities performed in different IT companies (organizations).

Methods of teaching: Work in a real work environment.

Pre-requirements: Basic knowledge of Informational Technologies, Operating Systems, Databases, Programming.

Assessment: report; journal of the conducted practical training;

Registration for the Course: by request at the end of the current semester

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and the Student Service Office

DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS

Semester: 3

Course Type: lectures, lab exercises

Hours per week/FS: 2 lecture hour per week and 2 labs hours per week/FS

ECTS credits: 6.0 credits

Course Status: Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course Description:

The course discusses the problems concerning design, building and application of Digital Communication networks. The lectures begin with introduction to Digital Communications, principles of building, historical development and their contemporary classification. Open system interconnection model of ISO is presented. Teaching course includes basic principles of building and functioning of PDH, SDH, ISDN, B-ISDN and ATM networks. The lectures on the most popular in the world computer network Internet present its basic characteristics, principles of functioning and application. The laboratory work helps to better rationalization of lecture material and contribute to formation of practical skills.

Course Objectives:

The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the basic principles, standards and tendencies of development in the field of Digital Communications. This will help them in future to professionally solve system tasks in the area of network communications.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of communications technology, operating systems and computer architectures.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through two courseworks, one control test and one course project (50% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (50% of final grade). When shown a weak exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

1. Мерджанов П., Телекомуникационни мрежи, Нови знания, С., 2010 г.
2. Мирчев С., АТМ комуникации, Нови знания, С., 2001 г.
3. Христов В. Цифрови комуникации, ЮЗУ “Н.Рилски” –Благоевград, 2004 г.
4. Христов Х., Мирчев С., Основи на телекомуникациите, Нови знания, С., 2001 г.
5. Lee, R.; Chiu, M.; Lin, J. Communications Engineering:Essentials for Computer Scientists and Electrical Engineers, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2007 г.

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

MODERN MODELING AND DESIGN LANGUAGES - UML

Semester: 3

Type of Course: **lectures and tutorials in computer lab**

Hours per week – **2 hours lectures and 2 hours tutorials in computer lab \FS**

Credits Numbers: **6.0 credits**

Course Status: Elective course in curriculum of major Informatics. Master degree.

Course Description: The course is an introduction to object-oriented software engineering, especially an object-oriented analysis and design, using Unified Modeling Language (UML). It covers topics related to the modeling software processes and software development that reflect the different aspects of a software engineering. Topics related to the possibilities of reengineering already prepared solutions and the use of object-oriented approach in the design of databases are also discussed.

Course Objectives: This course aims to provide students with knowledge of the methods used in object-oriented analysis and design using UML.

The main tasks are related to obtaining good knowledge and technical skills about:

- Quality software design and development;
- Use of the state-of-art methods for software design;
- Use of object-oriented methods such as domain models, use case, activity diagrams, class diagrams, interaction diagrams (sequence and communication) etc.;
- Analyze and verify the software stability;
- Teamwork;
- The software projects development.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project.

Requirements/Prerequisites: It is recommended to prepare all the courses "Programming and Data Structures", "Object-Oriented Programming", "Database" and "Software Engineering".

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through one course project and several software tasks (50% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (50% of final grade). When shown a weak

exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

Basic titles:

1. J. Rumbaugh, I. Jacobson, G. Booch, UML – The Unified Modeling Language Reference Manual, 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2005.
2. D. Rosenberg, M. Stephens, Use Case Driven Object Modeling with UML - Theory and Practice, Apress, 2007
3. D. Mouheb, M. Debbabi, M. Pourzandi, L. Wang, M. Nouh, R. Ziarati, D. Alhadidi, C. Talhi, V. Lima, Aspect-Oriented Security Hardening of UML Design Models, Springer, 2015
4. M. Seidl, M. Scholz, C. Huemer, G. Kappel, UML @ Classroom - An Introduction to Object-Oriented Modeling, Springer, 2012
5. B. Dathan, S. Ramnath, Object-Oriented Analysis, Design and Implementation an Integrated Approach, 2nd Edition, Spring, 2015
6. C. Larman, Applying UML and Patterns: An Introduction to Object-Oriented Analysis and Design and the Unified Process, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008; <https://www.utdallas.edu/~chung/SP/applying-uml-and-patterns.pdf>
7. B. Meyer, Object-Oriented Software Construction, 2nd Edition, ISE Inc. Santa Barbara (California), 2016; <https://sophia.javeriana.edu.co/~cbustaca/docencia/ POO-2016-01/documentos/Object%20Oriented%20Software%20Construction-Meyer.pdf>
8. S. Chenoweth, C. Rupakheti, CSSE 374 – Software Design, Winter, 2013-14, Department of Computer Science and Software Engineering; <http://www.rose-hulman.edu/class/csse/csse374/>

Additional titles:

1. J. Rumbaugh, M. Blaha, W. Premerlani, F. Eddy, W. Lorensen, Object- Oriented Modeling and Design, Prentice Hall, 1991
2. D. Coleman, P. Arnold, S. Bodoff, C. Dollin, H. Gilchrist, F. Hayes, P. Jeremaes, Object-Oriented Development: The Fusion Method, Prentice Hall, 1994
3. J. Martin, J. Odell, Object-Oriented Methods: Pragmatic Consideration, Prentice Hall, 1996

Abbreviation:

SS: Spring Semester

MULTI-LAYER DATABASE APPLICATIONS

Semester: 3

Course Type: lectures, lab exercises

Hours per week/FS: 2 lecture hour per week and 2 labs hours per week/FS

ECTS credits: 6.0 credits

Course Status: Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course Description:

The course teaches methods for developing client-server and multi-layer databases applications through object-oriented integrated development environments (IDEs) for visual design and event-oriented programming. Various aspects of design databases applications using various objects: a datasets, tfield objects and data bound controls. Developed different applications to access data depending on their architecture: client-server and multi-layer (client-application server-server). Students learn different technologies for data access by: ADO, ADO.NET, dbExpress, IBExpress, DataSnap, Cloud applications and others.

Course Objectives:

The course objective is to give students an idea of some of the main technologies used for developing client-server and multi-layer applications for databases and their methods of use.

After completion of the course students should be able to:

- use different technologies when developing client-server and multi-layer applications for databases with different architecture.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of databases and object-oriented programming. Desirable knowledge of programming languages C + +, Object Pascal (Delphi) and C #.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through two courseworks, one control test and one course project (50% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (50% of final grade). When shown a weak exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

1. Embarcadero Technologies. Developing Database Applications: Embarcadero Technologies. Retrieved from Embarcadero Technologies Web Site. 2017.
2. Marco Cantu. Mastering Delphi 7. Publisher Sybex. 2003.
3. Marco Cantu. Delphi 2010 Handbook: A Guide to the New Features of Delphi 2010. 2010.
4. Mario Szpuszta, Ingo Rammer. Advanced .NET Remoting. Publisher: Apress; 2nd ed. 2005.
5. Bob Swart. Delphi XE DataSnap Development Essentials. Bob Swart Training & Consultancy. 2011.
6. Cary Jensen Ph,D. Delphi in Depth: ClientDataSets, Publisher CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform. 2011.
7. Andrew Troelsen. Pro C# 5.0 and the .Net 4.5 Framework, Apress. 2012.
8. Tim Patrick. Microsoft ADO.NET 4 Step by Step. Publisher: Microsoft Press. 2010.

9. Xavier Pacheco. Delphi for .NET Developer's Guide. Publisher: Sams Publishing. 2004.

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

THEORY, ALGORITHMS AND TECHNOLOGIES FOR SPEECH RECOGNITION

Semester: 3

Course Type: lectures, lab exercises

Hours per week/SS: 2 lecture hour per week and 2 labs hours per week/SS

ECTS credits: 6.0 credits

Course Status: Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course Description: In this course, the theoretical foundations of modern speech processing technologies will be discussed. Some speech recognition software and using them to Bulgarian speech recognition will be viewed.

Course Objectives: This course aims to provide the students with the knowledge and practical experiences for the modern technology of natural speech processing.

After the course completed, the students should know and understand:

- The methods of speech signal processing and retrieve their features.
- The methodology of the construction of a phonetic and language model in a given language.

Teaching Methods: Browsing the Web, work on coursework and essay.

Requirements/Prerequisites: The knowledge by the courses "Programming and Data Structures", "Object-Oriented Programming", "Database", "Discrete Mathematics", "Linguistics", "Pattern Recognition" and "Neural Networks", are necessary.

Assessment: Evaluating the student will be carried out by the six-point marking scale. The final assessment is in the form of a test that covers the whole teaching material including theoretical questions and practical cases. The final mark presents 50% of the final test and 50% of the mark of the course work.

Registration for the Course: Applied to the academic department at the end of current semester.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

1. Xuedong Huang, Alex Acero, Hsiao-Wuen Hon, Spoken Language processing – A Guide to Theory, Algorithm, and System Development, Prentice Hall PTR, 2001
2. Xuedong Huang, Alex Acero, Hsiao-Wuen Hon (2001) Spoken Language processing – A Guide to Theory, Algorithm, and System Development, Prentice Hall PTR
3. Stephen E. Leinson (2005) Mathematical Models for Speech Technology, John Wiley & Sons

4. Wu Chou, Bing Hwang Juang (2003) Pattern Recognition in Speech and Language Processing, CRC Press
5. Joseph Keshet, Samy Bengio (2009) Automatic Speech and Speaker Recognition – Large Margin and Kernel Method, John Wiley & Sons
6. Lawrence Rabiner, Ronald Schafer (2010) Theory and Application of Digital Speech Processing, Prentice Hall
7. Daniel Jarefsky, James Martin (2008) Speech and Language Processing (2nd Edition), Prentice Hall
8. Dong Yu, Li Deng (2014) Automatic Speech Recognition: A Deep Learning Approach, Springer
9. James R. Lewis (2011) Practical Speech User Interface Design, CRC Press
10. Homayoon Beigi (2011) Fundamentals of Speaker Recognition, Springer
11. Willi-Hans Steeb (2005) Mathematical Tools in Signal Processing with C++ and Java Simulations, University of Johannesburg, South Africa
12. K. R. Rao, D. N. Kim, J. J. Hwang (2010) Fast Fourier Transform: Algorithms and Applications, Springer
13. P. Кралева (2019) Разпознаване на реч: Корпус от говорима детска реч на български език, ISBN: 978-954-00-0199-9, УП „Неофит Рилски“, Благоевград.
14. Data Exchange System, <http://childes.psy.cmu.edu/>
15. Praat: doing phonetics by computer, <http://www.fon.hum.uva.nl/praat/>
16. WaveSurfer, <http://www.speech.kth.se/wavesurfer/>
17. The International Phonetic Association, <http://www.langsci.ucl.ac.uk/ipa/index.html>

Abbreviation:

SS: Spring Semester

CODING THEORY AND INFORMATION SECURITY

Semester: 4

Form of the course: **Lectures/exercises**

Hours (per week): **3 hours lectures + 2 hours exercises per week, +1 summer semester**

Credits: **6.0 credits**

Status of the course in the educational plan:

Obligatory course in the educational plan of the speciality Informatics, MS

Description of the course:

The course starts with introduction of the main notions and results from the algebra, combinatorics and probability theory. As addition to the regular course some good codes and constructions of codes are considered. The BCH codes are introduced and studied by the decoding algorithms of Peterson-Gorenstein-Cirler, Forney, Berlekamp-Massey and Euclid, together with the MDS codes. The main notions of the convolutional codes are considered including decoding. Some schemes for electronic signature are considered as well as some methods for encryption by public and secret keys. The students are requested to work on a thesis on encryption by public key based on large primes.

Scope of the course:

Obtaining knowledge of the theoretical backgrounds and practical abilities for applications of the Coding theory, cryptography and data protection. Development of abilities for work with

linear and nonlinear and convolutional codes over finite field with special emphasis of their algebraic and combinatorial properties. Studying the principles of the modern cryptography by public and secret keys and electronic signature.

Methods: lectures, seminars, discussions, practical exercises, work on a thesis, problems solving

Preliminary requirements: The students must have basic knowledge from the Number theory, algebra, combinatorics, probability theory.

Evaluation: permanent control during the semester (two written exams) and exam in the semester's end in two parts – defense of the thesis and answering theoretical questions.

Registration for the course: according to the educational plan

Registration for exam: up to agreement with the teacher and the Educational Office

Literature:

1. Notices (www.moi.math.bas.bg/~peter)
2. Raymond Hill. A First Course in Coding Theory, Calderon press, Oxford, 1986.
3. Richard Blahut. Theory and Practice of Error Control Codes, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company Reading, Massachusetts, 1984.
4. Кларк Дж., Дж. Кейн, Кодирование с исправлением ошибок в системах цифровой связи, Пер. С англ., Москва, „Радио и связь”, 1987.

THEORY OF ALGORITHMS

Semester: 4

Course Type: lectures and seminars

Hours per week/FS/SS: 3 lecture; 1 exercise week/FS

ECTS credits: 4.0

Course Status: Obligatory course in the Computer Science - M. S. curriculum

In this course

In this course will present some popular algorithms (sorting algorithms and so on) which have been precisely specified using an appropriate mathematical formalism--such as a programming language and we can analyze them:

- determine the running time of a program as a function of its inputs;
- determine the total or maximum memory space needed for program data;
- determine the total size of the program code;
- determine whether the program correctly computes the desired result;
- determine the complexity of the program--e.g., how easy is it to read, understand, and modify; and,
- determine the robustness of the program;

Course Aims:

Students should obtain knowledge and skills to write algorithms and compare the algorithms which solve the same problem;

Teaching Methods: lectures, demonstrations and work on project

Requirements/Prerequisites: Linear algebra, Computer languages.

Assessment: course project

Registration for the Course: *by request at the end of the current semester*

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

Basic Titles:

1. Mathworks. Programming in Matlab. New York. Pres Mathwork 2002
2. John Morris, *Data Structures and Algorithms*, 1998 University of Western Australia;
3. Bruno R. Preiss, *Data Structures and Algorithms with Object-Oriented Design Patterns in C++*, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Canada
4. Paul E. Black. Dictionary of Algorithms and Data Structures, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/>;

Abbreviation:

FS: Fall Semester

SS: Spring Semester

XML PROGRAMMING

Semester: 4

Course Type: lectures and lab exercises

Hours per week/SS: 2 lectures and 1 lab hours per week / SS

ECTS credits: 3.0 credits

Course Status: Compulsory Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course Description:

The course introduces students to the fundamentals and development of the XML language and related syntactic features, such as a well-formed document, validation, hierarchical structure, namespace, and others. Also detailed XML-related technologies (and XML-based languages) such as DTD, XML schematics, Relax NG, Schematron, DOM, XPath, XSLT, xQuery and others are also considered. Particular attention is paid to the relationship between XML and databases, and in particular the capabilities of the XML database management systems. The course also provides additional knowledge related to Event-Oriented Programming and XML, SAX usage, LINQ capabilities for XML, content distribution and external news, Web services and related technologies such as COM, DCOM, CORBA, XML-RPC, REST, and more

Course Objectives:

The aim of the course is to acquire in-depth knowledge of the basics of XML and related technologies and their application in the development of various business applications.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Studying the course requires students to have basic knowledge of programming and data structures, object-oriented programming, databases and database management systems. It is also desirable that students have also studied the disciplines related

to visual design environments and event-oriented programming such as Delphi, C ++ Builder and Visual Studio.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through two courseworks, one control test and one course project (50% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (50% of final grade). When shown a weak exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: The course is compulsory and is not applied for its study.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

1. Joe Fawcett, Liam R.E. Quin, Danny Ayers. Beginning XML, Fifth Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2012.
2. Elliotte Rusty Harold. XML 1.1 Bible, 3rd Edition. Wiley Publishing, Inc. 2004.
3. Dorothy J. Hoskins. XML and InDesign, First Edition. O'Reilly Media, Inc. 2013.
4. Aaron Skonnard, Martin Gudgin. Essential XML Quick Reference: a Programmer's Reference to XML, XPath, XSLT, XML Schema, SOAP, and More. Pearson Education, Inc. 2002.
5. Doug Tidwell. XSLT, Second Edition. O'Reilly Media, Inc. 2008.
6. Priscilla Walmsley. XQuery, First Edition. Priscilla Walmsley. 2007.

Abbreviation:

SS: Spring Semester

KNOWLEDGE DATABASES

Semester: 4

Type of Course: **lectures**

Hours per week – **2 hours lectures /autumn semester**

Credits Numbers: **2.0 credits**

Course Status: Elective course in curriculum of major Informatics, Magister degree.

Course description:

The course is introduction in main aspects of knowledge bases and application.

Objectives:

The student should obtain knowledge of:

- Knowledge bases approach.
- Application of knowledge bases.

Methods of teaching: lectures, discussions, project based method.

Pre- requirements: Functional and Logical programming, Artificial Intelligence, and Mathematical Logics (core courses)

Assessment and Evaluation

Project- 50%
Final exam- 50%

Registration for the Course: by request at the end of the current semester

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with the lecturer and the Student Service Office

References:

1. Нишева, М., Д. Шишков, Изкуствен интелект, Изд. „Интеграл, Добрич, 1995
2. Ирена Атанасова, Създаване на експертни системи (Expert Systems Development), Издателство на ЮЗУ „Н. Рилски“, онлайн издание, 2018
3. Knowledge-Based Systems. Rajendra Akerkar , Priti Sajja, 2009 , ISBN10: 0763776475.
4. Engineering of Knowledge-Based Systems. Avelino J. Gonzalez, Douglas D. Dankel, Prentice Hall (2000), ISBN-10: 0130189731.
5. Expert Systems: Principles and Programming, Fourth Edition. Joseph C. Giarratano, Gary D. Riley, 2004, ISBN-10: 0534384471

PRACTICAL COURSE IN SERVER PROGRAMMING

Semester: 4

Course Type: lab exercises

Classes/FS/SS: 2 labs per week /SS

ECTS Credits: 2.0 credits

Course Status: Optional course in MSc Curriculum of Informatics

In this course are discussed the basic actions and problems related to network administration of Linux based systems. The course is aimed at providing the necessary skills needed to perform nearly all important administration activities required to manage a Linux/Windows network configuration, the basic setup and management of the most commonly used Internet services.

Course Objectives: The course is aimed at introducing to students the common concepts in network administration by discussing the basic activities regarding the administration of a Linux/Windows network configuration.

Teaching Methods: Labs, demonstrations, work on project and teamwork.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of operating systems, programming, computer architectures, computer networks and communications.

Assessment: written final exam

Registration for the Course: a request is made by students at the end of the previous semester

Registration for the Exam: coordinated with lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

1. Олаф Кирх, Тери Доусън, Ръководство на мрежовия администратор.
2. Мат Уелш, Матиас Далхаймер, Ръководство за LINUX.
3. Алдениз Рашидов. Инсталиране и конфигуриране на Web сървъри под Linux и Windows (2012)
4. Microsoft SQL Server Notes for Professionals book
5. Ronald Bardford. Effective MySQL Backup and Recovery (2012)

6. Shijimol Ambi Karthikeyan (2018) Practical Microsoft Azure IaaS: Migrating and Building Scalable and Secure Cloud Solutions Paperback
7. Gabriel N. Schenker (2018) Learn Docker - Fundamentals of Docker 18.x: Everything you need to know about containerizing your applications and running them in production, PACKT Publishing
8. Greg D. Moore (2016) IT Disaster Response: Lessons Learned in the Field, APress
9. Lawrence E. Hughes. The Second Internet: Reinventing Computer Networking with IPv6 (2010)
10. Raphaël Hertzog, Roland Mas. The Debian Administrator's Handbook (2012)
11. Ron Aitchison. Pro DNS and BIND 10 (2011)
12. Ronald Bardford, Chris Schneider. Effective MySQL Replication Techniques in Depth (2013)

PRACTICAL COURSE IN ASPECT-ORIENTED DESIGN AND PROGRAMMING

Semester: 4th

Course Type: seminars and labs

Classes/WS/SS: 1 seminar hour and 1 hour labs per week/SS

ECTS Credits: 2.0 credits

Course Status: Optional course from the Computer Science Master Curriculum.

Short Description:

This course observes the advanced paradigm of programming – the Aspect oriented programming. In the course the basics of aspect oriented programming with AspectJ and Aspect C# is provided.

Course Aims:

The course aim is to give theoretical and practical background to students to use Aspect oriented languages and approaches in software development.

Teaching Methods: Labs.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Data Structures, Object Oriented Programming

Exam: final exam

Registration for the course: A request is made by students at the end of the current semester

Registration for the exam: Coordinated with lecturer and Students Service Department

References:

1. Kiczales, Gregor; John Lamping, Anurag Mendhekar, Chris Maeda, Cristina Lopes, Jean-Marc Loingtier, and John Irwin (1997). "Aspect-Oriented Programming", Proceedings of the European Conference on Object-Oriented Programming, vol.1241, pp.220–242. The paper originating AOP.
2. Filman, Robert E.; Tzilla Elrad, Siobhán Clarke, and Mehmet Aksit. Aspect-Oriented Software Development. ISBN 0-321-21976-7.
3. B. O. Сафонов, Аспектно-ориентированное программирование (http://www.vladimirsafonov.org/other/Safonov_AOP_2011_final.pdf)
4. Jacobson, Ivar; and Pan-Wei Ng. Aspect-Oriented Software Development with Use Cases. ISBN 0-321-26888-1.
5. Clarke, Siobhán; and Elisa Baniassad (2005). Aspect-Oriented Analysis and Design: The Theme Approach. ISBN 0-321-24674-8.

6. Matthew D. Groves (2013) AOP in .NET: Practical Aspect-oriented Programming, Manning Publications Company
7. Ramnivas Laddad (2009) AspectJ in Action: Enterprise AOP with Spring, Manning Publications Company
8. The AspectJTM 5 Development Kit Developer's Notebook, online: <https://www.eclipse.org/aspectj/doc/released/adk15notebook/index.html>
9. Pawlak, Renaud; Lionel Seinturier, and Jean-Philippe Retraillé. Foundations of AOP for J2EE Development. ISBN 1-59059-507-6.
10. Laddad, Ramnivas. AspectJ in Action: Practical Aspect-Oriented Programming. ISBN 1-930110-93-6.
11. Marijn Haverbeke (2018) Eloquent JavaScript Online: https://eloquentjavascript.net/Eloquent_JavaScript.pdf
12. Ivan Kiselev (2002) Aspect-Oriented Programming with AspectJ, Sams Publishing

DESIGN OF INFORMATION SYSTEMS WITH CLIENT-SERVER ARCHITECTURE

Semester: 4

Course Type: lectures, lab exercises

Hours per week/SS: 1 lecture hour per week and 1 lab hours per week/SS

ECTS credits: 2.0 credits

Course Status: Optional Course in Master of Science Curriculum of Informatics

Course Description:

The course includes basics of database management systems and related topics: introduction to the database management systems, requirements, architecture and basic principles of operation; comparison between the most widely used database management systems; basics of planning, installing, configuring and managing components of a DBMS and its instances; tools for working with database management systems, familiarization with the tools SQL Server Management Studio and IBConsole; design of relational databases and create a physical diagram of database scheme in the DBMS; create and modify tables in the DBMS, use types, expressions and functions; defining keys and restrictions when creating relationships between tables, creating and using indexes, working with diagrams in the DBMS; working with SQL statements INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE with insert, delete and update data; working with the SQL statement SELECT retrieving data; working with joins in extracting information from multiple tables, creating and using views; create and work with stored procedures in the DBMS, define custom functions; working with transactions and locks in the DBMS; create and use triggers in the DBMS; security system DBMS, working with logins, roles and users, authentication and authorization; exporting and importing data, DBMS capabilities for backup and restore databases;

Course Objectives:

Students should obtain basic knowledge and skills for database management systems.

Teaching Methods: Lectures, demonstrations, work on project.

Requirements/Prerequisites: Needed basic knowledge of databases.

Assessment: Evaluating the student shall be carried out in the sixth grad scale. Current control is performed during the laboratory sessions during the semester through two courseworks, one control test and one course project (50% of final grade). Course ends with a written exam on the material according to the attached syllabus (50% of final grade). When shown a weak exam score, the student appears on the makeup exam and retain the information received from the course work assessment.

Registration for the Course: Submitted an application to the academic department at the end of current semester.

Registration for the Exam: Coordinated with the lecturer and Student Service Department

References:

1. C. J. Date. An Introduction to Database Systems. Eighth Edition. Pearson. 2003.
2. Elmasri, R., Navathe, S. Fundamentals of Database Systems. Sixth Edition. Pearson. 2013.
3. C. J. Date. SQL and Relational Theory: How to Write Accurate SQL Code. Second Edition. O'Reilly Media. 2011.
4. A. Jorgensen, P. LeBlanc, J. Chinchilla, J. Segarra, A. Nelson. Microsoft SQL Server 2012 Bible. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2012.
5. O. Thomas, P. Ward, B. Taylor. Administering Microsoft SQL Server 2012 Databases. Microsoft Press. 2012.
6. P. Atkinson, R. Vieira. Beginning Microsoft® SQL Server® 2012 Programming. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2012
7. R. Dewson. Beginning SQL Server for Developers. Fourth Edition. Apress. 2015.

Abbreviation:

SS: Spring Semester